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Sec. XIII. The board of health of the city of Battle Creek is hereby authorized and empowered to furnish all necessary blanks and books of record and apparatus required to carry out the provisions of this ordinance; and make and promulgate such rules, regulations, and requirements as may be thought necessary to assist the inspector of milk or his assistants in properly executing the duties of the same, and which shall upon the approval of this council have the same force as other provisions of this ordinance.

SEC. XIV. It shall be the duty of the health officer to make complaint in writing before any justice of peace of the city of Battle Creek of any violation of this ordinance

coming to his knowledge.

Sec. XV. Each violation of any provisions of this ordinance shall be construed to constitute a separate and complete offense, and for such violation on the same day or on different days the person so offending shall be liable to the penalties herein

Sec. XVI. Any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not less than \$15 and cost of prosecution for the first offense, and upon conviction of the second offense shall be punished by a fine of \$15 and costs of prosecution, and may in addition have his certificate revoked by the board of health and may not again be permitted to sell milk in the city of Battle Creek.

SEC. XVII. The ordinance entitled "An ordinance to regulate and control the

selling of milk within the city of Battle Creek, and to license venders thereof, and to regulate the care of the cows from which milk is sold, and for the inspection and examination of dairies and dairy herds and of milk," approved June 27, 1898, is

hereby repealed.

SEC. XVIII. This ordinance shall take effect two weeks after its final passage.— [Ordinance approved November 14, 1910.]

BROCKTON, MASS.

MILK-REGULATIONS FOR THE PRODUCTION, CARE, AND SALE.

Rule 1. No person, firm, or corporation shall engage in the production, sale, delivery, or distribution of milk in the city of Brockton except in accordance with the provisions of the revised laws of Massachusetts and of acts of the legislature additional thereto, or in amendment thereof, and in compliance with the following rules and regulations of the board of health of said city.

Rule 2. Every person, firm, or corporation producing, keeping, or offering for sale milk in the city of Brockton shall annually before the 1st day of June be licensed so

to do by the milk inspector of said city.

Rule 3. No milk shall be produced, kept, sold, or offered for sale in the city of Brockton from any cow or cows that are not properly cared for, or that have not within one year been examined by competent authority and certified to be free from all diseases dangerous to the public health, or that are kept in a stable that is not in a clean, healthful, and sanitary condition and that is not open to inspection by the board of health or the milk inspector at all times.

Rule 4. No milk shall be produced, kept, sold, or offered for sale in the city of Brockton unless it has been strained, mixed, and cooled immediately after it is drawn from the cow. Said milk shall not be strained, mixed, or cooled in any room which is not provided with tight walls and floor of such construction as will allow easy and thorough cleaning, or which is not kept constantly clean, or which is occupied by horses, cows, or other animals, or in any room which is used in whole or in part for domestic or sleeping purposes, unless the storage room for milk is separated from the other parts of the building and provision made for the exclusion of outside dust and flies, to the satisfaction of the board of health.

Rule 5. Milk kept for sale in any shop, restaurant, market, bakery, or other establishment shall be stored in a covered cooler box or refrigerator. No vessel containing milk for sale shall be allowed to stand outside of said cooler box or refrigerator, except while a sale of said milk is being made. Every such cooler box or refrigerator shall be properly drained, cleansed, and cared for, and shall be kept tightly closed, except during such intervals as are necessary for the introduction of milk or ice, and shall be kept only in such locations as shall be approved by the board of health.

Rule 6. The milk inspector shall, under the direction of this board, investigate and take samples to determine the quality of the milk sold, offered or exposed for sale, in this city.

or intended for sale in this city, and he shall make, or cause to be made, examinations and inspections thereof to ascertain whether or not adulterated or impure milk is sold, kept, offered or exposed for sale, or intended for sale in said city, contrary to the October 20, 1911 1612

statutes of this Commonwealth or to the provisions of these rules and regulations. He shall visit dairies supplying milk in and to the inhabitants of the city of Brockton and all places where milk is stored, kept, or offered for sale, as often as deemed necessary by this board; and he shall report the conditions thereof at the time of such inspection in writing to this board. He shall act as agent and prosecuting officer for the board of health in all matters pertaining to milk.

Rule 7. All cans, bottles, or other vessels of any sort used in the production, storage, sale, or distribution of milk in this city shall be cleaned and sterilized with boiling water or steam before they are again used for the same purpose, and all cans, measures, or other utensils made of metal shall be kept free from dents and rust, and there shall be proper appliances for washing all utensils used in the production, mixing, storage, sale, or distribution of milk, and all such utensils shall be washed, cleaned, and sterilized with boiling water or steam regularly after being so used. The filling of bottles except at the dairy or creamery is prohibited.

RULE 8. The water used in washing apparatus and utensils must be from a public water supply, or, if from any other source, its use must be subject to the approval of

the board of health.

Rule 9. No milk shall be brought into or carried within the city of Brockton for the purpose of sale which has been carried upon any wagon or vehicle which is not clean and free from offensive odors or upon which swill, refuse, garbage, or decaying, unwholesome, or filthy matter is carried.

Rule 10. No person, by himself, or by his servant or agent, or as the servant or agent of any other person, firm, or corporation, shall, in the city of Brockton, sell, exchange, or deliver, or have in his custody or possession with intent to sell, exchange, or deliver, any milk, skimmed milk or cream which contains more than 500,000 bac-

teria per cubic centimeter, or any pathogenic microorganism.

Rule 11. Every person engaged in the production, storage, transportation, sale, delivery, or distribution of milk for sale in this city shall notify the board of health immediately on the occurrence of any case or cases of infectious disease, either in himself or his family, or among his employees, or their immediate associates, or within the building or premises where milk is stored, sold, or distributed, and at the same time shall suspend the sale or distribution of milk until authorized to resume the same by the board of health. No vessel which has been handled by a person suffering from a disease, or which is on the premises of a person in whose family or household infectious disease exists, shall be removed to hold or convey milk until it has been thoroughly disinfected and sterilized under the supervision of an agent of the board of health.

Rule 12. Bottles or other milk containers shall not be left with any family in which there is any contagious disease, but milk may be delivered to such families by pouring into vessels furnished by said families. No bottle or other container, previously left with any family in which a contagious disease occurs shall be removed therefrom,

except with the consent of the board of health in writing.

Rule 13. For the purpose of enabling the board of health to carry out and enforce the provisions of these rules and regulations the milk inspector, acting as the authorized agent of, or any other qualified inspector or agent of the board of health, or any member of said board, shall, at all times, have free access to all barns, stables, dairies, creameries, stores, wagons, and all other buildings or premises in which cattle are kept, from which any part of the milk supply of the city of Brockton is obtained, or in which milk is received, kept, bottled, canned, or offered for sale, for the purpose of making inspection of said premises, cattle, vehicles, cans, vessels, measures, and other utensils used in conducting the handling, sale, and delivery of milk, and for the purpose of taking, for analysis or other tests to determine its quality, samples of milk kept or intended for sale in the city of Brockton.

Rule 14. Every person, firm, or corporation licensed to sell milk in the city of Brockton shall promptly notify the board of health of said city upon commencing

or discontinuing the sale of milk from any dairy or producer.

RULE 15. Whoever tests milk or cream which is to be offered for sale in any form, by tasting, shall do so by means of a spoon, or piece of wood, paper, cardboard, or other article, and such spoon, piece of wood, paper, cardboard, or other article shall not again be brought in contact with the milk intended for sale, or be used for testing milk until after being thoroughly washed and sterilized. No person shall permit his hands, fingers, lips, or tongue to come in contact with milk intended for sale, in any form. All persons engaged in the tasting, mixing, or handling of milk for sale in any form shall, before engaging in such tasting, mixing, or handling, thoroughly clean their hands and finger nails, and keep them clean and dry during such tasting, mixing, or handling. No person shall permit his hands, while wet, to remain or pass over any open vessel containing milk intended for sale in any form. No person shall fill 1613October 20, 1911

a jar, can, or other receptacle with milk while the aforesaid jar, can, or other receptacle is held over an open vessel containing milk intended for sale in any form. No person who has sore throat, diarrhea, or is suffering from any other disturbance of the bowels, or has symptoms of infectious or contagious disease shall engage in the handling of milk which is to be offered for sale or which is for sale.

RULE 16. No urinal, water-closet, or privy shall be located in rooms in which milk

is handled, or so situated as to pollute the atmosphere of said room.

Rule 17. Dealers in milk are prohibited from allowing any person or persons not in their employ to loiter about the milk room or handle any vessel or utensil used in the sale and distribution of milk.

Rule 18. Every person, firm, or corporation in the city of Brockton, engaged in the sale, delivery, or distribution of milk from dairies shall, upon request from the board, certify that the above rules are complied with by said dairies. [Regulations board of health, adopted April 26, 1910.]

BROOKLINE, MASS.

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES-RESTRICTIONS PLACED UPON THE SICK AND CONTACTS-PLA-CARDING, DISINFECTION-PUBLIC FUNERALS PROHIBITED.

1. Ordered: (a) That no child be allowed to attend school from any household in which there is or has been a case of scarlet fever, for a period of six weeks from the commencement of the last case in the household (except as provided in section (d) of this order), and until a certificate has been presented from the attending physician, the board of health or its agent, that all danger of conveying the disease by such child is passed.

(b) That no child who has visited a house in which there was at the time a case of scarlet fever shall attend school until the expiration of two weeks following exposure,

unless he has already had that disease.

(c) That no child who has diphtheria be allowed to attend school for a period of one week from the date of the second successive negative bacteriological culture from both nose and throat (except as provided under section (d) of this order) and until a certificate has been presented from the attending physician that all danger of conveying the disease by such child is passed; and that no well child be allowed to attend school from any household in which there is or has been a case of diphtheria until the same precautions have been taken, with the exception that but one negative

bacteriological culture, from both nose and throat, is required.

(d) That the agent of the board of health may, if circumstances warrant (for example, removal of the patient to hospital), give to children not infected in a household in which there is or has been scarlet fever or diphtheria, a special permit to return to

school as soon as he considers it safe for them to do so.

(e) That no child from any house where there is a case of scarlet fever or diphtheria shall be allowed to mingle with persons from any other house until after the removal,

recovery, or death of the patient and the disinfection of the premises.

(f) That every house infected with diphtheria, scarlet fever, or smallpox shall have affixed on or near the front and rear doors a card, furnished by the board of health, stating the disease to be avoided; and any unauthorized person removing such a card shall be liable to a fine not exceeding \$100.

2. Ordered, That no child who has chicken pox or German measles be allowed to attend school until a period of two weeks has elapsed from the first appearance of the eruption and until a certificate to that effect from the parent has been presented.

3. Ordered, That no child found to be ill with consumption, and a menace to the

health of others, be allowed to continue in school.

4. Ordered, That no child who has mumps be allowed to attend school until a period of three weeks has elapsed from the first signs or symptoms of the disease and until

a certificate to that effect from the parent has been presented.

5. Ordered, That no child who has measles be allowed to attend school until a period of two weeks has elapsed from the first appearance of the eruption and until a certificate to that effect from the parent has been presented; and that no child in a household in which there is a case of measles shall be allowed to attend school within two weeks from the appearance of the rash in the last case in such household, without a certificate from the parent stating that such child has already had the disease.

6. Ordered, That no child with whooping cough be allowed to attend school until a period of eight weeks has elapsed from the beginning of the cough and until a certificate to that effect from the parent has been presented; and that no child in a household in which there is a case of whooping cough shall be allowed to attend school within